

The HUMIMIC ActSense: a multifunctional device to incorporate electrical functionalities into microphysiological culture systems

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INTRODUCTION

The ability to simultaneously and continuously exploit different electrical sensing and actuation techniques during a single experimental run is of paramount importance in the context of multiphysiological systems. The long-term probing of cells' electrical activity and the assessment of the change in the impedance footprint over time provides fundamental information on dynamic tissue responses and organ-specific reactions.

In this work we introduce the HUMIMIC ActSense, a device that couples stimulation and sensing functionalities in a single multifunctional system.



Fig. 1 The HUMIMIC ActSense.

SUMMARY & CONCLUSION

In this work, we presented the HUMIMIC ActSense, a device that couples, on one hand, single frequency transepithelial electrical resistance (TEER) measurements with multi-frequency domain impedance spectroscopy and, on the other hand, electrical stimulation with multi-channel action potential recordings.

Together with HUMIMIC Chips featuring on-chip integrated transparent electrodes, the HUMIMIC ActSense equips researchers with a valuable tool to sense and control the electrical properties of the cultured tissues.

HUMIMIC ACTSENSE FUNCTIONALITY

While simple TEER measurements have been successfully employed to assess the junction dynamics and barrier integrity of endothelial or epithelial models, the HUMIMIC ActSense additionally carries out electrical impedance spectroscopy techniques to probe the electrical footprint of a cultured tissue, allowing, e.g., the evaluation of the growth, spreading, and differentiation of different cell types at different maturation stages.

The simultaneous recording of the cells' electrical activity is implemented by 8 differential (16 single ended) sensing sites, which allows the sensing, e.g., of cardiac action potential, for a better understanding and assessment of heart tissue behavior and health. The multiple stimulation profiles can be used, e.g., to initially promote the maturation, and eventually pacing the contractions of mature cardiomyocytes.

